

The Pocahontas Times

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CALVIN W. PRICE, EDITOR.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 15 1912

It looks like to read his speech of acceptance; that Old Doctor Wilson knows what is the matter with the country.

That grand old conservative, Robert LaFollette says that Theodore Roosevelt is not a proper leader of the people.

"Almost every civilized race is represented, and in addition, there are delegates from the United States and Japan."—London Daily Dispatch.

Thanks! Us Sabines, so to speak.

Dick Mulvane, of Kansas, says that the Roosevelt convention at Chicago was like one that they held out in Kansas. They put a cow-puncher up for chairman. He said: All in favor of the motion will say aye, and all that want to say no had better keep their damned mouths shut, if they don't want to be thrown out of the hall.

President Taft vetoed the wool bill. The old guard dies but never surrenders. When Napoleon's old guard was surrounded at Waterloo, an English officer cried out: "Brave Frenchman surrender!" And the leader of Frenchmen replied, "Oh, shucks!" or words to that effect. So the English wiped them out. The literary people rendered the answer to mean that the "Old guard dies but never surrenders." And Taft and his allies are probably equally as terse in their remarks.

Of the great number of Republicans in the State of West Virginia, we believe that at least four fifths are friendly to the Bull Moose ticket. So far as we have heard not a single Democrat has given any sign of joining it. The candidates are trying to hold the Taft Republicans and are letting the other wing take care of itself. Can they play both ends against the middle of three months? Methinks we will hear a rippling sound before election.

Last week the Republican Executive Committee met at Elkins representing the Republicans of Randolph County. There seems to be some doubt in this State as to whether they stand at Armageddon or some other place when a few Republicans gather together. So they sought to assay that Republican Committee for Republicanism, and they found only a trace. M. H. King introduced a resolution to the effect that the Republican Committee stood for the Republican nominees in nation, state and county. As Brother Southerland tartly remarked right out in open meeting, this was a fool resolution. But the wonder of it is that it did not carry and after being discussed and cussed it was laid upon the table and the committee of Republicans adjourned without saying that they stood for Republicanism. A good deal has been said about this being a great back set for the Bull Moose party. We do not see why. It just means that the leaven is working by which it is intended to bring over the Republicans in the State to the Bull Moose standard without making any of them mad. And the fool Democratic papers are in many instances helping to nominate the same men who are nominated by the Republican party. As soon as the time is ripe, all that the leaders need do is to do this thing, and all the arguments of the foolish Democratic virgins will be fully answered. The situation is not the same as it was in Fayette last year with Congressman F. C. Gaines. In that case he refused a place on the Independent ticket because his co-nominees were not allowed to go on it, and if he had gone to an alliance with their enemies they, his co-nominees, would have resented it. But with all the nominees of the Republican party agreed and anxious to be nominated what can happen but what their names will eventually all appear on the ballot in two columns. Why does not the Democratic press recognize this and reproach the said nominees with their perfidy and dishonor to the old time Republican party.

Captain Sampson, one of the oldest of the C. & O. locomotive drivers has had two bad Fridays lately. He has had the run out of Koneverte to Winterburn every week day for something like twelve years. He makes the round trip of 214 miles in daylight and has no Sunday work which suits him exactly, as he is a most strict observer of the Sabbath. He had made the runs in perfect safety until the 2nd day of August, on a Friday, when for no apparent cause his engine left the rails and plunged over the bank into the river. He escaped practically unhurt, and his fireman was slightly injured. On the next Friday, the 9th, at the same time of day and near the same place, his engine again went into the river and this time turned turtle. He went with it and again escaped serious injury. Fireman McNunley jumped and suffered a broken ankle. The cause of the engine leaving the track the second time was a cow which came plunging out of the brush immediately in front of the engine and gave him no time to stop. The same cow had gotten on the track in the morning as the train went up, and the train had to be stopped and the cow driven away. On the down trip the cow apparently laid for the train and darted in ahead of it with the result of derailing the engine. Superstition attaches to Friday, especially to Friday the 13th, on which day some people are almost afraid to draw a long breath. Personally we have never been able to figure out whether either Friday or the 13th is an unlucky day for us or our adversaries. As long ago as 1726, the Friday superstition was recognized in an old English poem by John Gay:

"Alas you know the cause too well;
The salt is spilt, to me it fell.
Then to contribute to my loss,
My knife and fork were laid across;
On FRIDAY too! the day I dread:
Would I were safe at home in bed!"

A xylogist is a person who can tell one kind of wood from another. Up in this country we are all xylogists and have been long before we were so named. Xylogy is the science of wood structure, the identification of woods, and the detection of fraudulent substitutes. We seem to have been named in Washington. Certain kinds of timber have become very scarce and substitutes being used so often, that a class of persons skilled in detecting such things have held themselves as experts who are ready to tell whether the wood offered is real or an imitation. One of the common substitutes is a birch, or as we say, mountain mahogany for cherry. Another hard one to tell sometimes is the difference between bass-wood, cucumber, and poplar, but some of our native xylogists can tell them apart in the night time. The other day we saw a lumber buyer hunting a certain inspector to have him decide for the benefit of a newly arrived lumberman that there is a difference between black or pin oak and red oak. One of the tales that we are apt to tell over and over again is local to this habitat and germane to the subject. A xylogist who knew his business went courting when a young man, and the subject turning as it often does in the woods upon xylogy, this young man said that he could tell the difference in woods by their smell. And so they blindfolded him and the devilish girls held the family cat up to his nose. And he said "that is either white walnut or yellow lin; let me smell again." Now when the Washington experts get so that they can tell wood by the smell we will begin to recognize them as being in our class. The name is derived from the Greek word for wood. While we have not dwelt with science and never dreamed of a profession, being created in which we were all ready to qualify, we are still ready to maintain that our local men can come nearer telling a scot from a mill call than any of their city brethren.

The split infinitive is one of the worse offenses against the English grammar and one of our inflexible rules is to never use it. Another one of our troubles inherited from Scotch ancestry is the use of the words "shall" and "will." We never have learned to use them right and never will.

Wilson says that under no plan of government can favors be granted honestly to any class of persons, and that favors are never conceived in the general interest but for the benefit of the few.

To read Roosevelt's speech and platform is to be impressed with the fact that there has never been a profusion promised since the days that they promised every freed man forty acres and a mule.

Wilson has the right idea about the tariff and that is to revise it downward by degrees until it becomes a fair and justifiable tax. A sudden lopping off the schedules would disarrange business and mitigate against every merchant who has a stock of goods on hand.

Dr. Hatfield went to Washington to attend the notification meeting held there in honor of President Taft, and it is said that he even stayed to break bread at the President's table. He also came out in an interview to the effect that he is a Taft man. It may be so but we still expect to see him running on the Bull Moose ticket. It will be the supreme test of Dr. Hatfield's shrewdness if he is able to carry water on both shoulders. They say that is the sign of a smart man.

John Gum, Greenbank, Pocahontas county, is spending several days in town, the guest of his son, Warwick Gum. Uncle John has many friends here who are always glad to see him on his annual visits to the Springs.—Webster Echo.

MUSIC CLASS

Miss Annie Sydenstricker, a graduate of the Lewisburg Conservatory of Music, will commence lessons in music in Marlinton on the 9th, day of September, 1912. Studio at Episcopal rectory near school-house. Terms per month (8 lessons) \$3.00.

The second quarterly meeting for Greenbank circuit, M. E. Church South, will be held at Dunmore on Sunday and Monday, August 25 and 26. Preaching by Rev. John A. Anderson, P. E., at 8 p. m. on Sunday and at 10:30 a. m. on Monday. Quarterly Conference on Monday after the sermon. W. F. Lowance, P. C.

State of West Virginia, County of Pocahontas, Town of Cass, to-wit:

At a regular session of the council of the town of Cass, Pocahontas county, held in the council chambers thereof in the Mayor's office building on the 13th day of August, 1912, there were present, William Siple, Mayor, Geo. S. Graham, recorder, J. C. Graves, J. D. Arbuckle, C. E. Fuhrman, Ernest Dill, Walter Brill, members of the council of said town.

In accordance with section 4, chapter 9, of the acts of the extraordinary session of the legislature of 1908, the council proceeded to make up an estimate of the amounts necessary to be levied for the current fiscal year to cover all municipal debts and liabilities payable during the said year, including probable expenditures for municipal purposes, and proper allowance for delinquent taxes, expense of collections and contingencies; but deducting therefrom the money in the city treasury applicable to the service of the year and municipal claims and doth determine and estimate the several amounts to be levied as follows:

ESTIMATES

Maximum levy 35 cents on the one hundred dollars valuation.

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS

The amount due and the amount that will become due and collectible from every source, except from the levy of taxes to be made for the current fiscal year.

a) Balance in hands of city treasury 61 20
b) Hotel license 61 20
c) Other license 65 40
Total estimated receipts \$143 45

ESTIMATED DISBURSEMENTS

Debts and demands owed by said municipality which will become due and payable during the current fiscal year, including interest on bonded indebtedness of every kind and character.

n) Election expenses \$ 4 50
o) Salaries 175 00
p) Police Department 600 00
q) Streets and alleys 184 05
r) Printing 40 00
Total estimated disbursements \$1003 55

Amount to be provided for by levy \$860.10

It appearing to the council that the total valuation of all taxable property in this municipality according to the last assessment thereof, is \$288,700.00; being real estate to the value of \$105,396.00; personal property to the value of \$183,304.00; and railroad and other property assessed by the board of public works to the value of \$13,000.00, as certified to the council by the officer whose duty it is to make such report and it appearing from the foregoing estimates that it is necessary to raise by levy, after deducting all credits, \$860.10 for municipal purposes; therefore it is determined that a levy on each One Hundred Dollars valuation of thirty cents (30c) for municipal purposes will be necessary to produce the estimated amount as aforesaid for the ensuing fiscal year.

State of West Virginia, County of Pocahontas, Town of Cass, To-wit:

J. Geo. S. Graham, Recorder in and for the municipality of Cass, county of Pocahontas, and State of West Virginia, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy from the records of an order made by the council of said municipality on the 13th day of August, 1912.

Given under my hand this 14th day of August, 1912.
Geo. S. GRAHAM, Recorder of the Municipality of Cass, W. Va.

THE COURSE OF STUDY

The prescribed course of study as arranged by the State Superintendent for the schools of the State will not be in the hands of the teachers for some time to come. In order that the work of the schools of Pocahontas county may be systematized from the very beginning, County Superintendent Williams has arranged the following course of study:

First Grade

Jones Reader Book I 25c 12c
Berry Writing Book I 5c
Drawing Book I 15c

Second Grade

Jones Reader Book II 31 15
Berry's Writing Book II 05
Drawing Book II 15

Third Grade

Jones Reader Book III 41 20
Primary Arithmetic 30 15
Berry's Writing Book III 05
Modern English Book I 36 18
Frye's 1st Course in Geography 40 20
Drawing Book III 15

Fourth Grade

Jones Reader Book IV 41 20
Hick's Speller 22 11
Primary Arithmetic 30 15
Berry's Writing Book IV 05
Modern English Book I 36 18
Frye's 1st Course in Geog. 40 20
Drawing Book IV 20

Fifth Grade

Elson's Reader Book I 44 22
Hick's Speller 22 11
Grammar School Arithmetic 48 24
Berry's Writing Book V 05
Modern English Book II 36 18
Frye's Higher Geography 88 44
Beginner's Amer. History 57 28
Hygiene and Sanitation 55 27
Drawing Book V 20

Sixth Grade

Elson's Reader Book I 44 22
Hick's Speller 22 11
Grammar School Arithmetic 48 24
Berry's Writing Book VI 05
Modern English Book II 36 18
Frye's Higher Geography 88 44
Beginner's History 57 28
Hygiene and Sanitation 55 27
Drawing Book VI 20

Seventh Grade

Elson's Reader Book II 44 22
Hick's Speller 22 11
Grammar School Arithmetic 48 24
Berry's Writing Book VII 05
Modern English Book II 36 18
Frye's Higher Geography 88 44
Leading Facts in History 94 47
Human Physiology 60 30
Drawing Book VII 20

Eighth Grade

Elson's Reader Book II 44 22
Grammar School Arithmetic 48 24
Berry's Writing Book VII 05
Modern English Book II 36 18
Lewis's State History 89 44
Human Physiology 60 30
Civil Government 53 26
Book keeping 44 22
Blanks 45
Drawing Book VIII 20

The attention of patrons is called to the fact that practically all of the books heretofore studied by their children have been superseded by others and the teacher under penalty of having his salary forfeited is not allowed to permit the use of any book in his school not authorized by law. By referring to the above course of study the patron can readily see what books are required in the different grades; what they cost when bought for cash, or exchanged for the books now in the hands of their children. All old school books should be exchanged for new ones this year, although it may be some time before the children need the more advanced ones, as after this year it will be impossible to trade in old books on new ones. The school book depositories are Durbin Mercantile Company, S. B. Wallace & Co., Marlinton, Curry & Kennison, Seebert, and G. C. Poling, Huntersville.

Section nine of the School Book Commission law requires contractors to supply each county superintendent with printed lists of books with selling price and exchange price in each case. The various publishers have joined in the publication of this circular and so have complied with the law. It has been printed and distributed by the State Superintendent as a matter of convenience and efficiency in accomplishing the purpose intended.

EXTRACTS FROM LAW

Sec. 7. "It shall be the duty of each contractor at his own expense to place with responsible dealers, in no fewer than three magisterial districts in each county, a sufficient quantity of books to supply the demand. He shall also arrange for the exchange of books at such places, allowing pupils or Boards of Education not less than fifty per cent. of the retail price of new books for the old books of like kind and grade displaced. The exchange period shall extend through one entire school year, and the dealer making the exchange shall be allowed by the contractors ten per cent. of the cash proceeds of same."

"Any teacher permitting in his school the use of any unauthorized book shall be deprived of his salary during the period of such violation of this act. Nothing in this act is to be construed as preventing the use of supplementary readers, provided they do not displace the adopted readers, nor the use of more advanced books in such schools as may be ready for the same."

W. S. COURSEY

Expert Accountant, Stenographer and Typewriter.
20 years Experience
Marlinton, West Virginia

DAILY SCHOOL PROGRAM

By W. W. TRENT

9:00—Opening
9:10—Numbers, 1st and 2nd grades
9:20—Arithmetic, 3rd and 4th grades
9:35—Arithmetic, 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th grades
9:55—Reading, 1st grade
10:10—Reading, 2nd grade
10:20—Reading, 3rd grade
10:30—Recess
10:45—Reading and literature, 4th grade
11—Reading and literature, 5th grade
11:15—Language and literature, 6th, 7th and 8th grades
11:35—Drawing and penmanship in all grades
12—Intermission
1—Language, 3rd grade; Language and literature, 4th and 5th grades
1:15—Reading, 1st grade
1:27—Reading, 2nd grade
1:40—Physiology and Civics, 7th and 8th grades
1:55—Physiology, 5th and 6th grades
2:10—Geography, 3rd and 4th grades
2:25—Recess
2:40—State and U. S. History, 7th and 8th grades
2:55—Language and Nature Study, 1st and 2nd grades
3:10—History, 5th and 6th grades
3:25—Geography, 5th, 6th, 7th grades
3:40—Spelling, 5th, 6th, 7th grades; Agriculture and Bookkeeping for 8th grade
4—Dismissal.

The above program is designed for a school of thirty scholars, in all the grades. There is no provision for General History, and more time should be given to spelling in the various grades. But in nine schools out of ten there will not be found pupils in all the grades, and thus additional time can be had for these classes.

RESOLUTIONS

We the teachers of Pocahontas County in Institute assembled desire to offer the following resolutions:

1. That we extend our thanks to Professors Work and Trent for their excellent and helpful instruction, and to Professor Lehnart for his music rendered. Also to all who in any way contributed to the entertainment or instruction of this Institute.
2. That we favor District Supervision when practicable.
3. That we favor taxing our natural resources for the establishment of a permanent school fund.
4. That we favor efficient preparation of the teachers for their work.
5. That we heartily endorse the present standard of our uniform examinations.
6. That the minimum salaries of teachers be \$50, \$45 and \$35 respectively for first, second and third grade certificates.
7. That we, as teachers, use our influence for the adoption of the Prohibition Amendment to our State Constitution.
8. That the compulsory school law be made more rigid by requiring children between the ages of eight and fifteen years to attend the entire school year.

ORDER

To lay special bond levy to pay interest on outstanding bonded indebtedness and to provide a sinking fund for the discharge of the principal. This levy cannot be laid until authorized by a vote of the people of the municipality, as provided in first proviso section 5, chapter 9, Acts 1908.

State of West Virginia, County of Pocahontas, Town of Marlinton, to-wit:

At a special session of the council of the town of Marlinton, in Pocahontas county, held in the council chambers thereof, on the 13th day of August, 1912, present, A. P. Edgar, Mayor, and Calvin W. Price, acting recorder, and E. D. King and C. J. Richardson, members of the council of said town.

It appearing to the council that provision should be made to pay the interest on outstanding bonded indebtedness, and to provide a sinking fund for the discharge of the principal, and the same having been authorized by a vote of the people of the municipality at an election held on the 5th day of September, 1908, it is therefore ordered that a special levy of fifteen (15c) cents on every One Hundred Dollars valuation of taxable property in the municipality be and the same is hereby levied for the purpose of liquidating the outstanding bonded indebtedness against said town.

State of West Virginia, County of Pocahontas, Town of Marlinton, to-wit:

I, Calvin W. Price, acting recorder, and for the municipality of Marlinton, county of Pocahontas, and State of West Virginia, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy from the records of an order made by the council of said municipality on the 13th day of August, 1912.

Given under my hand this 13th day of August, 1912.
CALVIN W. PRICE, Acting Recorder of the Municipality of Marlinton, W. Va.

Adm. Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of Josiah Dille deceased are hereby notified to present the same properly proven to the undersigned administrator. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the said estate are notified to settle at once.

This 2nd, day of July, 1912.
J. H. BUZZARD, S. P. C. and as such admr. of Josiah Dille, deceased.

The "Progressive" Party

Is the individual man or woman, who uses Foley Kidney Pills for backache, rheumatism, weak back, and other kidney and bladder irregularities. Robert W. Horton, Lawrenceville, Mo., says: "I took three bottles of Foley Kidney Pills and got a permanent cure." They are healing, strengthening, tonic, and quick to produce beneficial results. Contain no harmful drugs. Never sold in bulk. Put up in two sizes in sealed bottles. The genuine in a yellow package.

M. F. GUM, Auctioneer, Marlinton, W. Va.

ESTIMATE FOR HUNTERSVILLE DISTRICT ROAD PURPOSES

The court proceeded to make up an estimate of the amount necessary to be levied for the current fiscal year, to open and keep in repair the district road in Huntersville district, Pocahontas county, to cover all district debts and liabilities payable during the year, including the probable expenditures for district purposes, and proper allowance for delinquents and expense of collection; but deducting the amount in the treasury applicable to the service of the year, doth determine and estimate the several amounts to be levied as follows:

1. The amount due, and the amount that will become due and collectible from every source, except from the levy of taxes to be made for the current fiscal year.
Balance due from sheriff 753 76
Sale and redemptions 5 00
Capitation road tax 210 00
Total 968 76

2. The debts and demands owed by the district as a whole.
Outstanding orders including interest 305 50
Current accounts due and unpaid 302 25
To open and repair district roads 237 45
Commissions of sheriff 7 00
Exonerations 3 00
Delinquents 45 00
Total amount estimated for district purposes 2094 44

And to pay the same will require a levy of thirteen 1/3 (13 1/3c) on every one hundred dollars of the property taxable in said district, based upon the last assessment of real and personal property in same, as follows:

Real estate 1 017 870
Personal property 217 358
Railroad and other property 335 604
Total value for district 1 570 832
State of West Virginia, County of Pocahontas, To-wit:

I, C. J. McCarty, clerk of the county court of said county and State, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy from the records of an order made and entered by said county court on the 13th day of August, 1912.

C. J. McCarty, Clerk County Court of Pocahontas County.

ESTIMATE FOR GREENBANK DISTRICT ROAD PURPOSES

The court proceeding to make up an estimate of the amount necessary to be levied for the current fiscal year, to open and keep in repair the district roads in Greenbank district, Pocahontas county, to cover all district debts and liabilities payable during the year, including the probable expenditures for district purposes, and proper allowance for delinquents and expense of collection; but deducting the amount in the treasury applicable to the service of the year, doth determine and estimate the several amounts to be levied as follows:

1. The amount due, and the amount that will become due and collectible from every source, except from the levy of taxes to be made for the current fiscal year.
Balance due from sheriff 4518 33
Sale and redemption 400 00
Capitation road tax 1250 00
Total 6168 33

2. The debts and demands owed by the district as a whole
Outstanding orders including interest 354 26
Current accounts due and unpaid 1554 54
To open and repair district roads 9062 53
Commissions of sheriff 37500
Exonerations 20 00
Delinquents 400 00
Total amount estimated for district purposes 5607 00

And to pay the same will require a levy of twelve 1/3 (12 1/3c) on every one hundred dollars of the property taxable in said district, based upon the last assessment of real and personal property in same as follows:

Real estate 2 099 394
Personal property 1 888 109
Railroad and other property 1 088 454
Total value of district 4 485 957
State of West Virginia, County of Pocahontas, To-wit:

I, C. J. McCarty, clerk of the county court of said county and State, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy from the records of an order made and entered by said county court on the 13th day of August 1912.

Given under my hand this 13th day of August 1912.
C. J. McCarty, Clerk County Court of Pocahontas County

ESTIMATE FOR LEVELS DISTRICT ROAD PURPOSES.

The court proceeding to make up an estimate of the amount necessary to be levied for the current fiscal year, to open and keep in repair the district roads in Little Levels district, Pocahontas county, to cover all district debts and liabilities payable during the year, including the probable expenditures for district purposes, and proper allowance for delinquents and expense of collection; but deducting the amount in the treasury applicable to the service of the year, doth determine and estimate the several amounts to be levied as follows:

1. The amount due, and the amount that will become due and collectible from every source, except from the levy of taxes to be made for the current fiscal year.
Balance due fund from sheriff 2549 41
Sale and redemptions 9 00
Capitation Road Tax 625 00
Total 3174 41

The debts and demands owed by the district as a whole.
Outstanding orders including interest 397 42
Current accounts due and unpaid 542 56
To open and repair district roads 5902 75
Commissions of sheriff 250 0
Exonerations 3 00
Delinquents 50 00
Total amount estimated for district purposes 3933 33

And to pay the same will require a levy of thirteen 1/3 (13 1/3c) on every One Hundred Dollars of the property taxable in said district, based upon last assessment of real and personal property in same, as follows:

Real Estate 1 952 311
Personal Property 631 721
Railroad and other property 365 215

Total value for district 2 949 347
State of West Virginia, County of Pocahontas, To-wit:

I, C. J. McCarty, clerk of the county court of said county and State, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy from the records of an order made and entered by said county court on the 13th day of August, 1912.

C. J. McCarty, Clerk County Court of Pocahontas County.

ESTIMATE.

State of West Virginia, County of Pocahontas, Town of Seebert, To-wit:

At a regular session of the council of the town of Seebert held on the 13th day of August, 1912. In accordance with section 4, chapter 9, of the acts of the extraordinary session of the legislature of 1908, the council proceeded to make up an estimate of the amounts necessary to be levied for the current fiscal year, to cover all municipal liabilities.

ESTIMATED RECEIPTS

The amount due, and that will become due the municipality from every source, except from the levy of taxes to be made for the current fiscal year. 90 99

ESTIMATED DISBURSEMENTS.

Debts and demands owed by the municipality that will become due and payable during the current fiscal year. 278 00

It appearing to the council that the total valuation of taxable property in this municipality according to the last assessment is \$62,403.00; being real estate \$37,692.00; personal property \$19,057.00; and property assessed by the board of public works \$15,654.00 as certified to the council, and it appearing to the council that it is necessary to raise by levy \$187.00 for municipal purposes; therefore it is determined that a levy on each one hundred dollars valuation of thirty cents (30c) will be necessary to produce the amount aforesaid.

State of West Virginia, County of Pocahontas, Town of Seebert, To-wit:

I, W. M. Irvine, Recorder in and for the municipality of Seebert, County of Pocahontas and State of West Virginia, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true record of an order made by the council of said municipality on the 13th day of August, 1912.

Given under my hand this 13th day of August, 1912.
W. M. IRVINE, Recorder Municipality of Seebert, West Virginia.

NOTICE.

The stockholders of the Cloverlick and Durbin Mutual Telephone Company will hold their first meeting at Cass August 31st, at 12 o'clock for the purpose of organizing and electing officers. Speak now or hereafter hold your peace.
H. L. KESLER, acting Secretary.

NOTICE OF BRIDGE LETTING.

At a County Court continued and held for the County of Pocahontas on the 14th day of August, 1912.

In the matter of a bridge across Sitlington's Creek near Harry Moore's residence, and a bridge across Douthards Creek at the ford below H. Lee White's residence, and a bridge across Swago Creek on the turnpike road at Buckeye. The Clerk of this Court is ordered to advertise for sealed bids to be opened on the 27th day of August for the construction of both steel and concrete bridges at all of said points including approaches. All bridges are to be 14 feet wide with a capacity of 125 pounds per square foot. The court reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Each bidder to furnish his own plans.

C. J. McCarty, Clerk.

Stockholders Meeting

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Marlinton, Dilleys Mill and Knapps Creek Mutual Telephone Company is called to meet at Huntersville, W. Va. on Saturday, September 7, at 10 o'clock a. m. to transact any business that may properly come before such a meeting. At a former meeting it was ordered that the date of the annual meeting of stockholders be changed from the second Saturday of January to the first Saturday of September of each year.

This 8th of August, 1912.
J. H. DOYLE, Sec.

J. L. BAXTER, LIFE INSURANCE, Marlinton, W. Va.

Adm. Notice.

All persons having claims against the estate of J. B. White,